



# **Chugai ESG Meeting**

September 29, 2020

# **Important Reminders**



This presentation may include forward-looking statements pertaining to the business and prospects of Chugai Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. (the "Company"). These statements reflect the Company's current analysis of existing information and trends. Actual results may differ from expectations based on risks and uncertainties that may affect the Company's businesses.

Information regarding pharmaceuticals (including products under development) is included in this presentation, but is not intended as advertising or medical advice.

# **Outline of the Meeting**



# Chugai ESG Meeting 2020

# Progress in sustainability-oriented management and strategies

Deep-dive theme 1: Sustainability-related Indicators

Deep-dive theme 2: Long-term Planning

Deep-dive theme 3: Examples of Shared Value Creation

# Progress in sustainability-oriented management and strategies

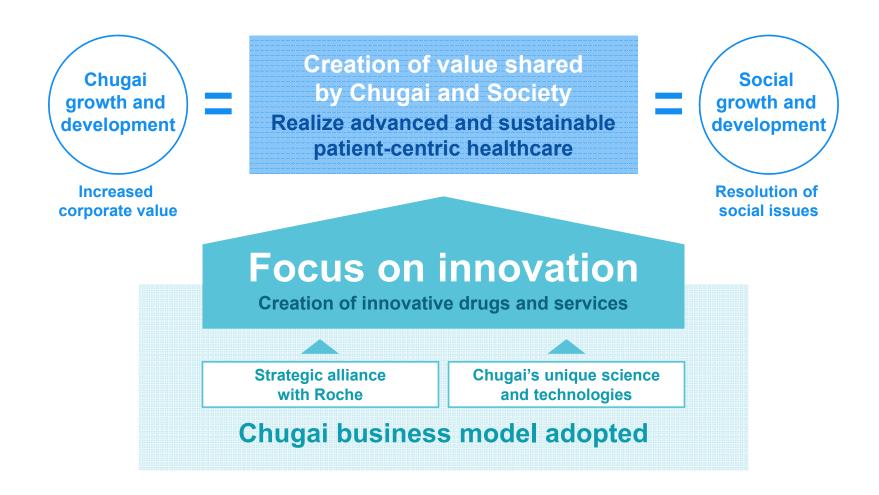
Motoo Ueno Representative Director & Deputy Chairman



# **Basic Policy (Envisioned Future)**



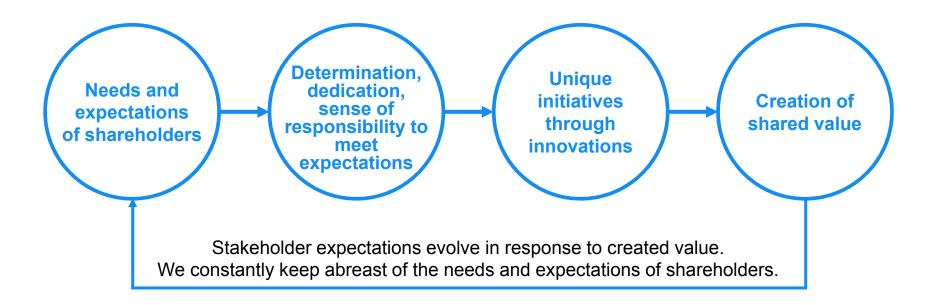
Become a top innovator for advanced and sustainable patient-centric healthcare, powered by our unique strengths in science and technology and the alliance with Roche



# Commitment to Meeting Needs and Expectations of Shareholders



Innovative approaches are essential in all activities to create shared value in accordance with the needs and expectations of shareholders.



Building a management/operational foundation conducive to innovation is another priority. We are strengthening our technology, human capital and sustainable platforms and pursuing digital transformation (Dx).

# **Examples of Shared Value Creation**

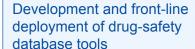


#### We aim to share value and advance together with society by innovating across every function and value chain.

#### **Examples of shared-value creation initiatives**

**Production** 

Use of single-use plastic bags for antibody production





Safety

Promotion of regionally coordinated care for osteoporosis, hemophilia, etc.



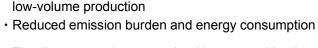
Long-term planning in response to changes in external environment



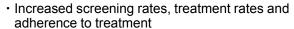
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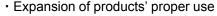
Deployment of our capabilities in support of global health





- Timelier responsiveness to healthcare providers' needs
- Promotion of appropriate use, increased product







Single-use bags (Ukima Plant)

- Acceleration of innovative initiatives
- Promotion of industry alliances, collaborations with external parties
- · Autonomous/ongoing improvement in healthcare access in alignment with actual circumstances in each location
- Improvement in locals' skills/capabilities
- · Sharing and gaining recognition for our view and progress of activities
- · Identification of external changes, acceleration of PDCA cycle

(Stars (★) denote deep-dive themes covered in this presentation)



## **Overview of Mid-term Business Plan IBI 21**



Accelerate corporate and social development through innovation focused on innovative products

#### **Create Global Growth Drivers and Maximize Value**



#### **Value Creation**

Realize innovative drug discovery to cure and manage diseases



#### **Value Delivery**

Deliver patient-centric solutions to maximize value of growth drivers



#### Promote Advances in Personalized Healthcare (PHC)

Realize the further advancement of PHC and innovate R&D process by utilizing digital technology and data

#### Strengthen HR and Infrastructure That Support Chugai's Business



# Human Capital and Structural Reform

Develop high-caliber HR talent that supports innovation, and drastically reform costs, systems and processes



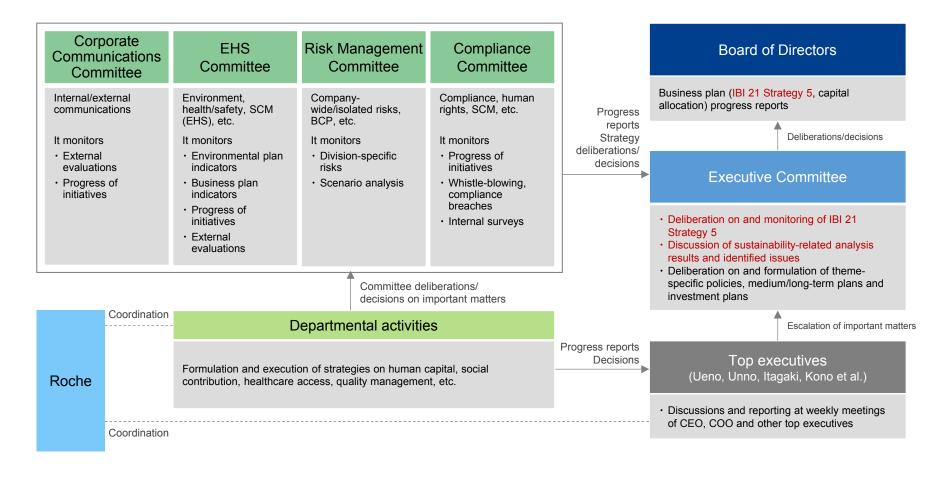
# Strengthen Sustainable Platforms

Simultaneously realize company growth and sustainable social development

# Sustainability-related Governance System



Since 2019, sustainability-related matters deliberated and resolved by the Board of Directors and Executive Committee have increased as a result of the IBI 21 plan's inclusion of a strategy to strengthen sustainable platforms (Strategy 5) (red font denotes major changes since 2018)



## State of Sustainability-related Governance (2019)



#### Board of Directors' main sustainability-related agenda items

Governance-system related: Revision of basic governance polices, results of assessment of Board's effectiveness, review of effectiveness assessment

process, updates on strategic shareholdings

Sustainability-related: Production facility construction plans, R&D facility consolidation plans, Mid-term Business Plan (Strategy 5) progress reports,

reports on personnel system

#### Executive Committee's main sustainability-related agenda items

Feb: •Global health basic policies, basic strategy and new programs

Basic social contribution policies

Jun: ·Design of new personnel system

Sep: Design of new personnel system

·Status of talent management, critical positions and talent pool

·Long- and medium-term environmental plans' strategies and targets

Dec: Design of new personnel system

·Status of talent management, critical positions and talent pool

#### Main items monitored by Executive Committee

- Progress of human capital initiatives
- D&I-related indicators
- Environmental plans' target indicators
- ·EHS-related indicators
- Number of supplier due diligence investigations
- Strategy 5 initiatives' activity schedules, activity results, invested capital
- ·External sustainability indices
- External reviewers' assessments (ESG ratings/environment)

#### Main issues identified by Executive Committee

- ·Adequacy of targets' levels amid ever-changing/increasing external expectations
- · Verification of monitored indicators and externally shared indicators
- •Scientific approach to verifying initiatives' effectiveness (particularly patient value)



Continuously evolving PDCA program for advancing sustainability as a strategic activity

# Overview of Sustainability-related (Strategy 5/Human Capital) Progress (1)



With all initiatives progressing as planned, our targets' levels need to be raised in light of societal expectations.

#### Main progress

#### Quality management

- Organized quality requirements across pharmaceutical regulations (GxP)
- Held quality meetings within various organizational units and overseas subsidiaries to internally foster a quality management culture

# Healthcare access

- Began participating in World Federation of Hemophilia's Humanitarian Aid Program in collaboration with Roche (formulated plan for next fiscal year)
- Carrying out project in Myanmar in collaboration with AA\*
- Planned new programs in Cambodia and Myanmar

# Social contribution

- Sponsored art exhibits, musical festivals, workshops, etc., as freeexpression venues open to people with disabilities
- Supported evacuee shelters' operations in typhoon-stricken areas
- Launched conservation activities in forests that feed rivers from which production sites source water

#### Future issues

- Improve quality levels classified in terms of products, information, processes and human capital
- Identify local needs better and more broadly
- Enhancement of effectiveness verification
- Accumulation of achievements

 Design unique initiatives that motivate employees

# Overview of Sustainability-related (Strategy 5/Human Capital) Progress (2)



Main progress

Supply chain management

Global

environment

- Set up comprehensive supplier evaluation system and formulated supplier management guidelines that include environmental and human rights provisions in addition to stable supply and quality requirements
- Performing supplier due diligence and risk assessments in coordination with PSCI\*

· Designed Chugai Life Science Park Yokohama with high environmentalperformance specifications

- · Announced support for TCFD recommendations and performed scenario analysis based thereon
- Formulated new environmental plans (with 2030/2050 targets)

Dialogue with stakeholders

- Conducted ESG meetings and conferred with investors on upgrading ESG
- · Performed gap analysis against external ratings and augmented disclosures in light of results thereof
- · Upgraded annual report and redesigned sustainability section of website
- Held workshops for employees on shared-value creation

- capital
- Designed and launched new personnel system
- Redesigned talent/position management; defined/shared HR requirements and job positions' value
- Launched new personnel database
- Included medium-term D&I milestones in IBI 21
- Implemented various initiatives to establish an organizational culture conducive to innovation

Future issues

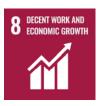
- Enhancement of oversight of workers' rights
- Achieve objectives as planned
- Design/augment measures to realize longterm plan
- Upgrade risk analysis
- Engage in more dialogue
- Set engagement example that raises the bar throughout pharma industry
- · Operate new personnel system more effectively
- Boost productivity with digital technology/Al

<sup>\*</sup> Pharmaceutical Supply Chain Initiative

## **Initiatives for the SDGs**

























The top priority goal directly linked to our Mission (3), the four goals required to achieve it (8, 9, 12 and 17) and the six goals that form the basis of our business activities (5, 6, 10, 13, 15 and 16)

#### Goal 3

Provision of innovative drugs and services/Provision of solutions for patients/ Contribution to global health

Goal 8	Improvement of occupational health and safety/Promotion of talent management/Promotion of work-life synergy/Supply chain management
_	Provision of innovative drugs and services/Initiatives for personalized
Goal 9	healthcare/Establishment of open innovation networks with academia and other parties
Goal 12	Ensuring stable supply and stable inventories/Strengthening of quality assurance and stable supply/Use of renewable and recyclable resources/Environmental management
Goal 17	Establishment of open innovation networks/Stakeholder engagement strategy/Participation in GHIT Fund and Access Accelerated

We set development goals to be pursued as priorities. We hold internal SDGs sharing meetings and SDGs drafting workshops with a focus on internal sharing and strengthening linkages between SDGs and business activities.

# Response to COVID-19 Pandemic



We are committed to variously contributing to the healthcare sector and society in addition to contributing through existing products and new R&D programs.

The pandemic has had some impact on our operations/functions.

Pharmaceutical contributions to global healthcare

- Roche initiated phase III clinical trials of Actemra, both as a monotherapy and in combination with remdesivir, to treat severe COVID-19 associated pneumonia (in July, Roche announced the monotherapy trial failed to meet its primary clinical endpoint)
- Chugai Pharmabody Research commenced research on antibody therapeutics for COVID-19 in collaboration with Singapore's Agency for Science, Technology & Research (A\*STAR)

Other contributions

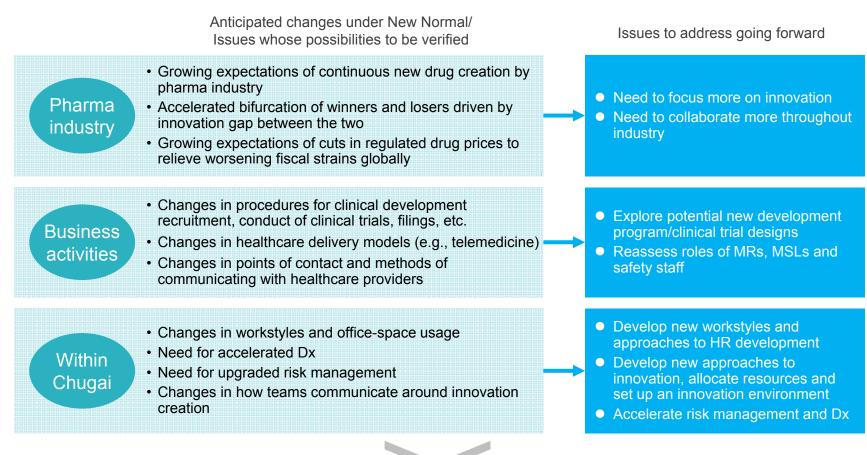
- Released a voice drama program on YouTube to provide stress relief amid the pandemic
- Donated funds in support of Japanese healthcare providers

#### **Risk Mitigation Measures**

- We quickly set response policies and implemented various measures through an emergency response headquarters. We also successfully implemented existing business continuity plans. Supplies of active pharmaceutical ingredients have been unaffected to date. We currently have ample safe stocks of products manufactured at overseas plants.
- We have implemented workforce deployment/activity measures, hygiene measures and contagion-prevention measures. Particularly, to ensure stable supplies, we have formulated standards of conduct and prepared employee skill lists to identify substitute personnel in case any employees get infected.

## Issue Recognition during Mid/post-COVID-19





Though their respective timelines differ, all business activities must be reassessed in the context of a New Normal business environment accompanied by dramatic societal changes.

This process will take place in conjunction with a materiality reassessment now underway.

# Deep-dive theme 1: Sustainability-related Indicators

Toshiaki Itagaki Executive Vice President & CFO



# **Composition of Sustainability Indicators**



We incorporate selected baseline materiality targets into our management strategies. For some materiality issues, we set quantitative targets that we share externally through dialogue.

#### **Dialogue with External Materiality IBI 21 Stakeholders** We identify priorities toward We share strategies' We incorporate selected realization of our Envisioned material issues into our content and progress, Future based on analysis of focusing mainly on business plan in the form the environment and external of strategies issues deemed major corporate value drivers needs/wants/issues, and employees' commitment [Indicator Disclosure Events/Tools] **Value Creation** Earnings reports/meetings General shareholders meetings Value Delivery Integrated Reports Target-setting on Promote advances in personalized IR section of website each material issue healthcare (PHC) Sustainability section of website Strengthening human capital and ESG meetings, etc. Target timelines differ among conduct structural reforms material issues: targets [Engagement/Review of Indicators] Strengthening sustainable platforms for certain issues are (1) Quality management Individual interview/meetings solely qualitative ②Healthcare access Hearing from experts ③Social contribution Analysis of external assessments, etc. 4 Supply chain management ⑤Global environment 6 Stakeholder engagement

# **Targets and Indicators for Material Issues (1)**



★Disclosed indicator ☆Partially disclosed indicator or indicator disclosed using external data

Category	Material Issue	Target	IBI 21	Indicators	Department/ Unit in Charge
Sustainable healthcare	Creation of innovative drugs and services	Create innovative drugs	IBI 1 IBI 3	Number of new product launches and additional indications ★     Number of projects and products based on PHC	<ul> <li>Project &amp; Lifecycle Management Unit</li> <li>Research Div.</li> <li>Translational Research Div.</li> <li>Clinical Development Div.</li> </ul>
	Provision of solutions for patients	Realize patient-centric healthcare	IBI 2	Market share in therapeutic area☆     Customer satisfaction☆	Marketing & Sales Div.     Medical Affairs Div.     Drug Safety Div.
	Fair marketing	Marketing in compliance with national guidelines	IBI 2	_	Marketing & Sales Div.     Project & Lifecycle     Management Unit
	Fair pricing	Pricing that reflects drug and service value	IBI 2	_	External Affairs Dept.
	Adverse event management	Perform appropriate pharmacovigilance activities and promote proper drug use	IBI 2	Customer satisfaction☆	Drug Safety Div.
	Quality assurance and stable supply of products	Ensure quality and stable supply of products and services	IBI 5 ①	_	Quality & Regulatory     Compliance Unit     Pharmaceutical Technology Div.

# Targets and Indicators for Material Issues (2)



★ Disclosed indicator ☆ Partially disclosed indicator or indicator disclosed using external data

Category	Material Issue	Target	IBI 21	Indicators	Department/ Unit in Charge
	Corporate governance	Realize sustained growth and corporate value	IBI 5 ①	Review of Board of Directors effectiveness★	General Affairs Dept.
Corporate governance	Risk management	Perform risk assessment and evaluate responses IBI 5 ①		_	General Affairs Dept.
	Disclosure and engagement	Earn market trust through appropriate information disclosure	IBI 5 6	Annual ESG meeting for institutional investors and media ★	Corporate Communications Dept.
	Compliance	Appropriately manage compliance risks	IBI 5 ①	Compliance monitoring	Sustainability Dept.     Quality & Regulatory     Compliance Unit
Ethics and compliance	Code of conduct	Promote understanding and awareness of Chugai Group Code of Conduct (CCC)	IBI 5 ①	CCC and human rights training in Japan: twice a year ★	Sustainability Dept.
	Fair transactions	Ensure compliance with trading laws and regulations and build fair and transparent business relationships	IBI 5 4	_	Purchasing Dept. Sustainability Dept.
Supply chain management	Supply chain management	Perform comprehensive supplier evaluations	IBI 5 4	Risk assessment of major CMOs ☆	<ul><li>Sustainability Dept.</li><li>Pharmaceutical Technology Div.</li><li>Purchasing Dept.</li></ul>
Global environment	Climate change countermeasures <sup>1</sup> (energy, etc.)	- Minimize impact on global	ІВІ	<ul> <li>Reduce energy consumption per employee by 20% vs 2010★</li> <li>Eliminate use of specific fluorocarbons★</li> <li>Fuel economy of sales vehicles: ≥16 km/L★</li> </ul>	Sustainability Dept.
	Use of renewable/ recycled resources <sup>1</sup> (water, waste, etc.)	environment	5 5	• Zero waste emissions (≥99% recycling of waste): 3 sites★	Sustainability Dept.
	Protection of biodiversity (environmental burden mitigation)			Wastewater measurement using whole effluent toxicity testing: 5 sites ★	Sustainability Dept.
	Environmental management system	Third-party assurance of performance data		Expand verification items and scope (Overseas sales companies) ★	Sustainability Dept.

<sup>1.</sup> Target for December 31, 2020

# Targets and Indicators for Material Issues (3)



★ Disclosed indicator ☆ Partially disclosed indicator or indicator disclosed using external data

Category	Material Issue	Target	IBI 21	Indicators	Department/ Unit in Charge
	Employee job satisfaction <sup>2</sup>	Develop work environment where employees can continue their careers		<ul> <li>Rate of paid leave taken: ≥80% ★</li> <li>Telecommuting participation rate<sup>3</sup> 35% ★</li> <li>Employee awareness survey ☆</li> </ul>	Human Resources     Management Dept.
Human	Development of employee potential	HR recruitment and training to realize strategic targets and accelerate innovation	IBI	Number of next-generation leader candidates	Human Resources     Management Dept.
resources	Diversity and inclusion <sup>2</sup>	Create new value through diverse talents	4	<ul> <li>Ratio of female managers<sup>4</sup> 16% ★</li> <li>Ratio of female managers (With subordinates)<sup>4</sup> 15% ★</li> </ul>	Human Resources     Management Dept.
	Improvement of occupational health and safety	Maintain and enhance safe work environment and employee health		Prohibit smoking during work by December 31, 2021☆	Sustainability Dept.
	Human rights	Respect human rights of all persons involved in business	IBI 5 4	Human rights due diligence on contractors☆	Sustainability Dept.
Human rights	Safety of clinical trial subjects	Conduct clinical trials under high ethical and scientific standards with safety	IBI 2 IBI 3	_	<ul> <li>Translational Research Div.</li> <li>Clinical Development Div.</li> <li>Drug Safety Div.</li> </ul>
Social responsibility	Social contribution activities	Develop networks in key areas	IBI 5 3	Set for each program	Sustainability Dept.
	Improvement of access to healthcare	Improve access to healthcare including drug development	IBI 5②	Set for each program	External Affairs Dept.

<sup>2.</sup> Target for December 31, 2021

<sup>3.</sup> Non-consolidated basis

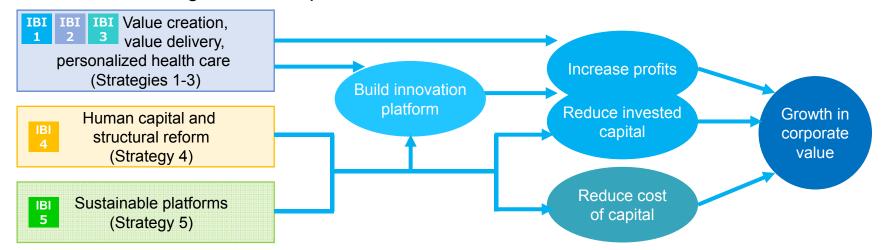
<sup>4.</sup> Non-consolidated employee basis

# IBI 21 and Corporate Value (related to human capital and sustainable platforms)



Roche Roche Group

 $\sim$ Material issues of growth in corporate value $\sim$ 

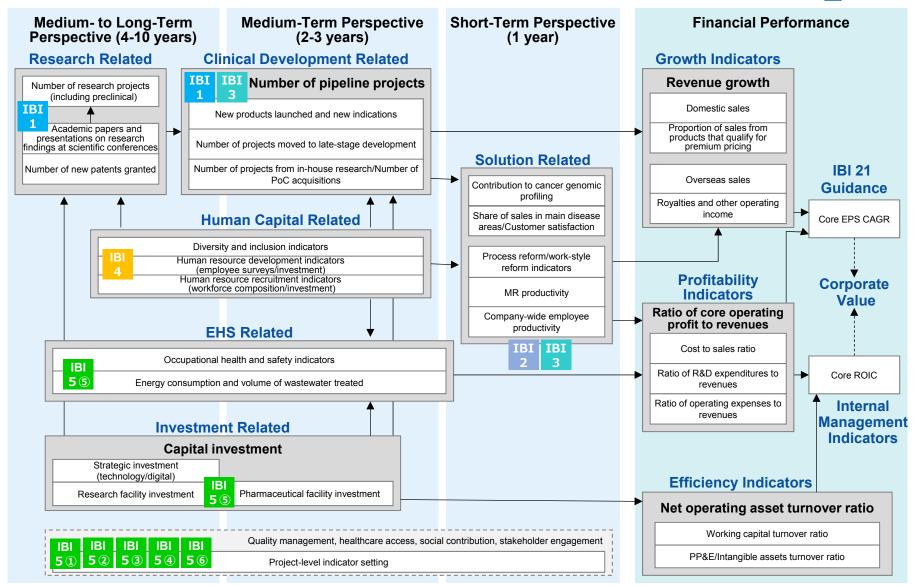


[Main drivers of corporate value growth through strengthening of human capital and sustainable platforms]

	Build Innovation Platform	Reduce Invested Capital	Reduce Cost of Capital
Strengthen human capital	Foster organizational culture conducive to innovation	Recruit, develop and increase productivity of diverse, high-caliber human capital	Reduce human risks, risk of human capital outflux
Quality management	Entrench quality management	Increase capital efficiency and productivity	Reduce quality/regulatory compliance risks
IBI 5 2 Healthcare access	• Expedite shared value creation initiatives  Deep-dive theme 3		Gain trust from society
IBI 5 3 Social contribution	Remind employees of and inculcate them with Mission and Core Values		Gain trust from society
IBI 5 4 Supply chain management	Promote shared value creation initiatives throughout supply chain	Reduce future supply-chain costs      eep-dive	Reduce supply risks, supply chain risks
IBI 5 © Global environment	Implement plans to reduce facilities' environmental impact, reduce costs and increase productivity	Reduce future environmental costs	Reduce climate change risks, water risks, etc.
IBI 5 6 Stakeholder engagement	Identify societal needs and expectations		Share risk assessments with society, improve ESG ratings

## Relationships of Financial and Non-financial Indicators

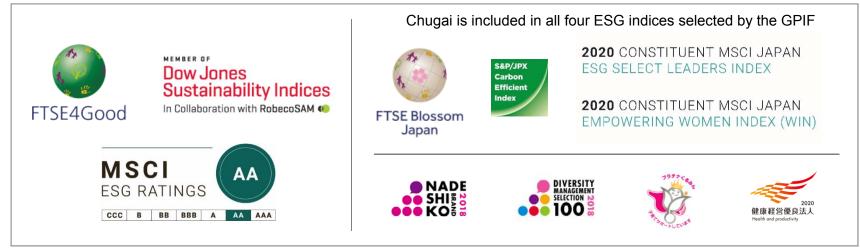




## **External Evaluation of Chugai's ESG Initiatives**



# Conduct analyses focusing on various indices and assessments to capture society's needs and expectations



As the result of a third-party audit, FTSE Russell (a registered trademark of FTSE International Limited and Frank Russell Company) hereby attests that Chugai satisfies the conditions of listing on the FTSE Blossom Japan Index and has been made a constituent stock of such index. The FTSE Blossom Japan Index was created by FTSE Russell, a global index provider, and has been designed to measure the performance of Japanese companies demonstrating excellent environmental, social, and governance (ESG) practices. The FTSE Blossom Japan Index is widely used in the creation and evaluation of sustainable investment funds and other financial products.

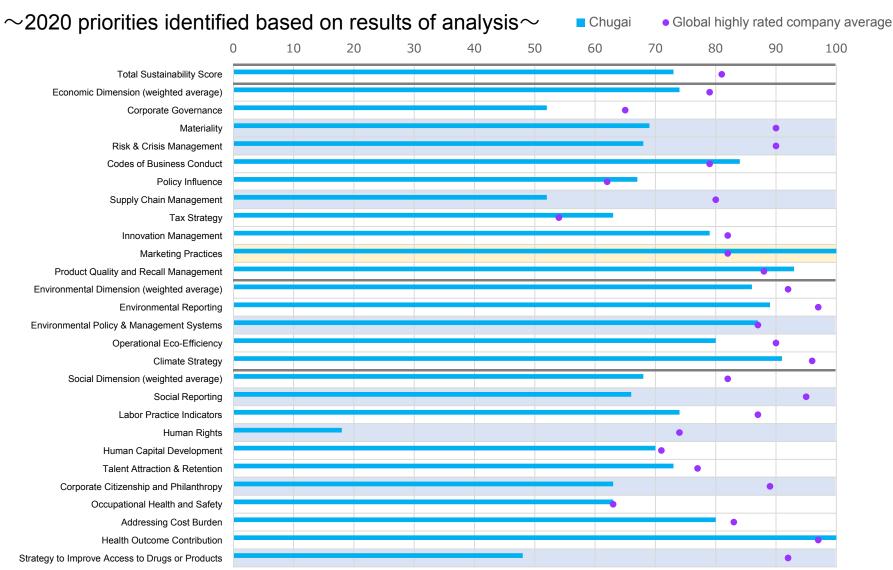
In 2020, Chugai Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. received a rating of AA (on a scale of AAA-CCC) in the MSCI ESG Ratings assessment. The inclusion of Chugai Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. in any MSCI index, and the use of MSCI logos, trademarks, service marks or index names herein, do not constitute a sponsorship, endorsement or promotion of Chugai Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. by MSCI or any of its affiliates. The MSCI indices are the exclusive property of MSCI. MSCI and the MSCI index names and logos are trademarks or service marks of MSCI or its affiliates.

#### Gap analysis against ESG surveys

- We analyze gaps between our ESG initiatives and results of global ESG survey items.
- We quantitatively and objectively identify continuously changing external needs and expectations.
- We plan to continually conduct such analysis.

## Gap Analysis against External ESG Benchmarks





# **Response to External ESG Ratings**



	2019		2020		
	Priorities Based on Previous Year's Ratings	Rating Improved	Priorities Based on Previous Year's Ratings		
Materiality	Disclose materiality specification process in detail	•	Augment disclosure of material targets, etc.		
Corporate governance	Disclose target for independent outside directors' share of Board seats	•	<ul> <li>Appoint female director</li> <li>Upgrade assessment of Board of Directors' effectiveness (third-party assessment)</li> <li>Disclose how officers' performance-based remuneration is set, including indicators used in the process</li> <li>Disclose Appointment and Compensation Committees' membership</li> </ul>		
Risk management	Disclose identified long-term risks and their impacts	•	Update risk factors and augment disclosure thereof		
Supply chain management	Formulate Supplier Code of Conduct     Build comprehensive supplier     evaluation system     Set medium/long-term targets	•	<ul> <li>Expand supplier due diligence to more sites</li> <li>Augment disclosure of progress in due diligence</li> <li>Compile labor safety indicators for outsourcing service providers</li> </ul>		
Global environment	Clarify scope of data from which indicators are compiled     Expand scope of third-party assurance	•	<ul> <li>Formulate medium/long-term environmental plans/targets</li> <li>Analyze climate change risks/opportunities and disclose financial impacts</li> <li>Expand scope of both data from which indicators are compiled and third-party assurance</li> </ul>		
Human resources			<ul> <li>Expand scope of data collection for diversity-related indicators</li> <li>Measure return on investment in human capital development</li> <li>Obtain third-party assurance of occupational safety indicators</li> </ul>		
Human rights	Formulate human rights policies     Formulate supplier due diligence plan	•	Expand supplier due diligence to more sites		
Social responsibility	Social responsibility • Formulate and disclose basic policies				
Healthcare access	Ithcare access • Formulate and disclose basic policies • Expand initiatives targeted at needs/challenges		Expand initiatives targeted at local healthcare needs/challenges		
Tax strategy			Newly formulate and disclose tax policies		

# Deep-dive theme 2: Long-term Planning

**Shigehiro Yamada, Ph.D. Head of Sustainability Dept.** 



## **Long-term Planning for Supply Chain Management**



Approach to Long-term SCM Planning SCM planning over a 10-year horizon is difficult given ongoing changes in business models and core products, but our commitment to resolving social issues together with suppliers will never change.

To evolve together with suppliers as shared value creation partners, we formulate long-term plans for comprehensive supplier due diligence inclusive of EHS and compliance.

#### 2019-2021

- Establish risk management system (Set/entrench policies & guidelines, establish framework)
- Comprehensively evaluate contract manufacturers of APIs, intermediates and formulations (~40 evaluations)

[Target deadline: by 2021-end]

#### By 2030

- Build resilient SCM strategy
- Adopt management metrics
- Comprehensively evaluate major suppliers' secondary suppliers (~50 evaluations)

[Target deadline: by 2030-end]

#### [Progress to date]

- ·Suppliers that have agreed to comply with Chugai Group Supplier Code of Conduct: 45
- ·Sites that have undergone supplier due diligence (including audits): 13

Total observations found: 65 (breakdown by subject matter:

ethics: 0, labor: 8, safety/health: 38, environment: 12, management systems: 7)

- Supplier briefings: scheduled in 2020
- •Employee education: conducted in December 2019

# **Long-term Environmental Planning**



Approach to Long-term Environmental Planning With global environmental risks, most notably climate change risks, growing in importance across all industries, we need a plan that extends beyond our current plan that runs through 2020.

To address growing risks and allocate more resources to risk mitigation, we need a long-term plan in sync with our diversified operations and facility plans.

- Review mid-term environmental plan 2020
- Assess/analyze based on TCFD recommendations
- Identify issues and formulate environmental plan

Mid-term environmental plan 2030

Set 2050 targets

[Analysis of 2020 mid-term target progress/results]

#### We expect to achieve all targets. We need to set more ambitious, longer-term targets.

#### [Climate change countermeasures]

- We must reduce energy consumption and adopt sustainable energy
- We will work on installing new equipment and renovating facilities

#### [Recyclable resource use, protection of biodiversity]

 We plan to newly set a target for water risk, though it is not a critical issue. We have launched activities to preserve water resources.

## [Overview of assessment/analysis based on TCFD recommendations]

### Step 1: qualitative assessment of risks/opportunities

- Conducted research based on publicly available information and sought input from experts
- Identified physical risks, transition risks and opportunities
- ·Studied/codified risks

#### Step 2: risk scenario analysis

- Set scope of risk scenario analysis
- Analyzed current and post-climate-change rain/flood risks
- Estimated financial impacts

# **Summary of TCFD Scenario Analysis**



Qualitative risk assessment

- Unlike in TCFD-defined high-risks sectors, no critical climate-related risks requiring long-term, large-scale business transformation or investment were identified.
- Climate-related risks common to manufacturers require continual analysis. Such risks include water deficiency, damage to production sites and/or externally sourced goods, and carbon taxes across value chains.
- We must assume that industry-wide GHG emission regulations will be tightened, given research findings that the pharmaceutical sector's GHG emission intensity (Scopes 1 & 2) is high.

Estimated financial impacts based on scenario analysis (physical risks)

#### Estimated sales loss due to rains/floods



Estimated loss in event of storm/flood damage to East Japan Distribution Center, which distributes all products

Estimated loss: ¥72.3bn

Probability: status quo: 0.01%, +2°C scenario: 0.04%, +4°C scenario: 0.06%

Note: The above estimates are based on certain assumptions. See slide 43 in the Appendix for more details on the assumptions and the scenario analysis methodology.

# **Examples of Risk Mitigation Measures Based on TCFD Scenario Analysis**



Risks identified by TCFD scenario analysis coincided with risks addressed by BCP measures, resulting in lower estimates of financial impact per climate change risk analysis

#### Specific Risks Identified by Analysis **Current BCP/Structural Reform Initiatives Ukima Plant Ukima Plant's third production** facility (UK3) was built to Completed Located in high flood-risk area withstand flooding of up to 5m (near Arakawa River) **East Japan Distribution Center** Center is scheduled to be Flood protection relocated in Jan 2021 to new Flooding and risk of prolonged measures facility with flood protection flood closures are concerns taken at new (Near Tone River) based on flood map center · Production of major products' raw materials Shifted to multi-sourcing to **Critical suppliers** Important in terms of quality mitigate risks to stable Completed management in addition to Concentration of suppliers in supplies and ensure safe requiring expertise and high flood-risk areas inventory levels advanced technological capabilities

# Issues Involved in Medium/Long-term Planning



 $\sim$ Mid-term Environmental Plan 2030 and need for 2050 targets for climate change countermeasures $\sim$ 

#### Climate Change Countermeasures

- Highest global priority
- Need for long-term, large-scale reforms directly linked to next-generation production and energy strategies

#### Reuse of Recyclable Resources

- Water risk is relatively low because operations are mainly in Japan
- On track toward zero emissions of waste

#### Protection of Biodiversity

- We must step up wastewater management and toxic chemical reduction initiatives
- We must set plans in coordination with local communities



#### Formulation of Mid-term Environmental Plan 2030

However, setting target levels for climate change countermeasures in particular is a challenge from multiple perspectives

#### Long-term perspective

- As near/mid-term measures, we are reducing energy consumption, improving energy efficiency and switching to sustainable electricity
- From a longer-term perspective, redesign/reform of facilities/equipment with direct (Scope 1) CO<sub>2</sub> emissions is essential from the present stage

#### **Roche Group's perspective**

- Chugai accounts for ~25% of Roche Group's total CO<sub>2</sub> emissions
- It is important to help achieve the Roche Group's targets (e.g., 40% reduction by 2025\*1, zero GHG emissions\*2 by 2050)

## Perspective of responsibility to ensure stable supplies

 It is important to both fulfill our stable-supply responsibility and experiment with infrastructure/technologies in the aim of migrating to sustainable facilities/resources (in terms of compliance with CFC regulations, adoption of natural refrigerants\*3 entails many challenges at present)



We set 2050 targets because a long timeframe is essential for CO<sub>2</sub> emission reductions that require major reforms

<sup>\*1.</sup> Per employee, relative to 2020

<sup>\*2.</sup> Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions

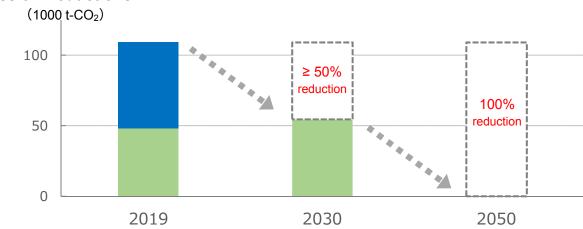
<sup>\*3 .</sup> The Roche Group is looking into adopting natural refrigerants instead of alternative CFCs

# Long-term CO<sub>2</sub> Reduction Targets



We aim to reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by at least 50% (relative to 2019\*) by 2030 and to zero by 2050

#### Targeted CO<sub>2</sub> Emission Reductions



2030 At least 50% reduction\*

13 Reduction

Scope 2

■ Scope 1

- We are building Chugai Life Science Park Yokohama, consolidating research labs, reducing energy consumption, improving energy efficiency and switching to sustainable power sources (to reduce current Scope 2 emissions to near-zero)
- Meanwhile, we need to reduce direct (Scope 1) CO<sub>2</sub> emissions to reduce Scope 1 & 2 emissions by more than 50%.
   Conversion of existing facilities involves stability and supply-capacity issues. We are now starting to study conversion and consolidation/redesign of facilities.

2050 100% reduction\*

- We will continue to pursue step-change innovations including ones currently seen as unfeasible, such as self-generation of renewable energy and industry-wide structural reforms.
- · We have allocated some resources and are starting to explore new approaches.

<sup>\*2030</sup> reduction target is tentatively based on 2019 emission level but we will make final decision on the base year in light of the COVID-19 pandemic's impact on emissions.

# **Environmental Initiatives** (Employee Comments)





Akiyo Watai
Environmental, Health and
Safety Group
Sustainability Dept.

We will carry out far-sighted initiatives over the long term in coordination with internal departments, suppliers, local communities, Roche et al.

In environmental initiatives, coordination is essential, not only with other internal departments but also with Roche, suppliers and other stakeholders. Internally, environmental consciousness has been rising since the global environment was included as a priority for IBI 21. We are exploring and assessing approaches to achieve more ambitious targets, working in particularly close coordination with the Pharmaceutical Technology and Research Divisions, both of which have large environmental footprints. We will carry out activities in company-wide unity.

Additionally, a local approach is also important from the standpoint of shared value creation. For example, in 2019, Chugai volunteers thinned woodlands in Kawanehoncho (Shizuoka Prefecture) to preserve the water source for our Fujieda Plant. I felt the activity was very successful as an opportunity for Chugai employees to work together with local residents and think deeply about the environment.

Environmental activities require a long time horizon and far-sighted efforts. A global perspective is likewise important. I feel environmentalism has much in common with drug discovery. We intend to carry out world-leading environmental initiatives that leverage the mindset and framework of thinking we have cultivated through drug discovery.

# Deep-dive theme 3: Examples of Shared Value Creation

Keiji Kono Senior Vice President In charge of External Affairs Dept. and Global Health Policy



# **Background of Our Focus on Global Health**



#### **Mission**

Dedicate ourselves to adding value by creating and delivering innovative products and services for the medical community and human health around the world

#### [Changes in environment and external expectations]

Expansion of scope of value creation (Around/Beyond the Pill)

Sustainable healthcare ecosystem perspective

Increase in share of value delivered outside of Japan

Need for Chugai to contribute to global health in its own way

Endorsement of SDGs and greater cooperation toward attaining them

Need to commit to specific development goals

Focus on global health, including creation of innovative drugs, as a strategic activity

(Unwavering commitment to the access to medicines)

To achieve our Mission, we have long placed priority on not only creating drugs but also providing solutions and "access to medicines."

We have hitherto been propagating/promoting equal access to standard-of-care cancer treatments, personalized healthcare, team care and regional healthcare coordination mainly in Japan.

# **Approach to Global Health Initiatives**



#### Our Resources/Assets

Proven track record in oncology, hemophilia, rheumatology, etc.

World-class drug discovery/production technologies

Roche's global network

Experience in improving access to medicines in Japan

Employees' motivation to add more value for patients globally

#### **Initiative Policies**

# Integrity ·Meet local community's expectations ·Employee Local autonomous healthcare efforts Patient Centric ·Place top priority on patients' needs ·Pursue value for patients and patient Centric ·Place top priority on patients' needs

**Pioneering Spirit** 

 Give full play to our capabilities, including

technology and biology

#### Aimed Effect

Accelerate realization of advanced and sustainable patient-centric healthcare

#### [For local healthcare]

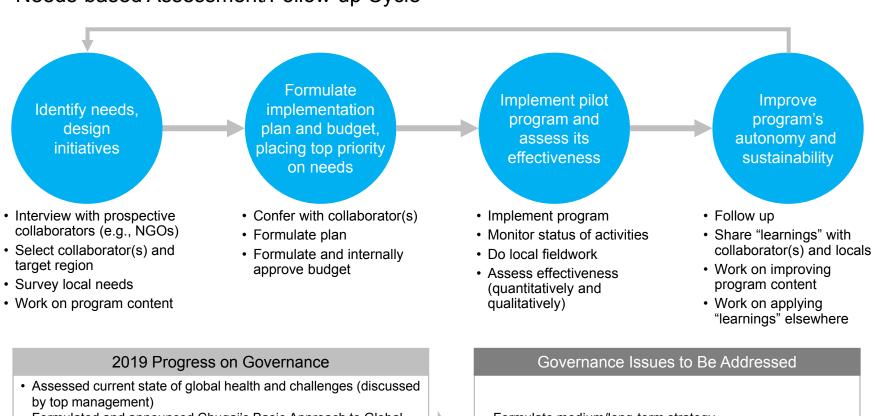
- Improve autonomous and sustainable access in accordance with local conditions
- Upgrade local healthcare providers/administrators' skills
- Raise awareness of local illnesses

Creation of shared value Realization of Mission Growth in corporate value

# Global Health Management Flowchart



 $\sim$ Needs-based Assessment/Follow-up Cycle $\sim$ 



- Formulated and announced Chugai's Basic Approach to Global Health (vetted by Executive Committee)
- Vetted projects that are material in scale (Executive Committee/ Board of Directors)

#### [Allocation of resources]

 Given major variations among potential programs and limitations on what a single company can do, allocating substantial resources was not feasible.

- Formulate medium/long-term strategy
- Build track record of results and strengthen partnerships

#### [Allocation of resources]

- · Develop human capital as top priority
- Disregard direct returns on financial impacts, including prospective gains in name recognition

# **Specific Global Health Initiatives (1)**



# Hospital Delivery Promotion and Non-communicable Disease (NCD) Detection/Treatment (Myanmar)

Two AA programs run as a Chugai-sponsored project in Myanmar

- •Program period: Nov 2018  $\sim$  Oct 2020
- Partner NGO: AMDA-MINDS

AA is a global initiative launched to achieve the SDG of a one-third reduction in premature deaths from NCDs by 2030

Promotion of Safe Inpatient Childbirth (Pauk Township)

#### Healthcare Challenges/Needs

- Located in highly impoverished arid region in central Myanmar
- Little access to healthcare; highest infant mortality rate (8.9%) of any state/administrative region
- Challenge: build autonomous model for safe inpatient childbirth

#### **Program Overview**

- Established funds to transport pregnant women to hospitals in emergency cases; trained locals to run program themselves
- · Retrained midwife assistants
- Donated ultrasonic diagnostic equipment; trained physicians
- Trained locals in emergency first aid



#### NCD Detection/Treatment (Meiktila Township)

#### Healthcare Challenges/Needs

- NCDs are a serious problem in Myanmar. Ministry of Health and Sports strongly hopes to receive international assistance with NCDs.
- Challenge: build self-sustaining model to continuously improve diagnosis and treatment of NCDs in coordination with health authorities

#### Program and Next Steps

- Formulated plan at a workshop attended by health authorities and hospital staff to enable public/private cooperation to address
- NCDs in response to local needs
- Provided exams/treatment in 8 locations with mobile clinics; provided follow-up care in 2 locations
- · Provided health education and brochures to locals



# **Specific Global Health Initiatives (2)**



#### **Pediatric Oncology Support Activities** (Cambodia)

#### State of Local Healthcare

- Patients generally pay out of pocket
- NCDs are common cause of adult deaths
- No drug dispensing infrastructure; many cases of drug-induced suffering
- Inadequate healthcare statistics

#### Local Healthcare Challenges/Needs

- ·Partner NGO: Japan Heart
- ·Site: Japan Heart Children's Medical Center (70 beds)
- ·Challenges: ·Improve communication/coordination among physicians, nurses, midwives, and other healthcare providers
  - Facilitate communication with patients and their families, etc.



#### Overview of Program

•Period: 2019 Program development 2020~ Program implementation

- Brainstormed solutions with the NGO
- Decided to hold workshops to improve communication among healthcare providers in accordance with local conditions (The site is Cambodia's only pediatric cancer center. Support for such facilities is in alignment with local authorities' promotion of advance healthcare)

[Phase-1 Program] (February 2020)

·Leadership workshops for the site staff

#### **Next Steps**

- ·Assess effectiveness of Feb 2020 workshops and follow up
- ·Gain more understanding of local needs
- ·Work on applying "learnings" elsewhere

# **Specific Global Health Initiatives (3)**



# Support for High-quality Multidisciplinary Cancer Care (Yangon, Myanmar)

#### Key Issue Identified by C/Can

- C/Can has been active in Yangon since July 2017
- It conducted a comprehensive study of the current state of cancer care and needs in Yangon in cooperation with city authorities and the national Ministry of Health and Sports



 Key issue: lack of multidisciplinary cancer care guidelines tailored to local conditions

About C/Can (City Cancer Challenge Foundation)

- NGO that supports cities in developing countries with respect to cancer care
- •It aims to improve access to quality cancer care in countries around the world by transforming the way stakeholders from the

public and private sectors collectively design, plan, and implement cancer solutions.

 It was established by the Union for International Cancer Control at the 2017 World Economic Forum



#### **Program Overview**

- Supports to improve quality of cancer care, largely by training local healthcare providers
- Maximally leverages Chugai's expertise and experience in oncology and multidisciplinary team care
- Partner NGO: C/Can
- •Objective: To formulate, disseminate and entrench

multidisciplinary treatment guidelines for

high-priority cancers

•Period: From July 2020 onward

• Strategies: • Help develop localized cancer care

guidelines

 Train various healthcare providers (physicians, nurses, and caregivers, etc.) to put guidelines into practice (~400 providers within 3 years)

# Global Health Initiatives (Employee Comments)





Katsuya Yano Public Affairs Group External Affairs Dept.

# I want to support international aid activities by meticulously analyzing local healthcare needs and assessing activities' effectiveness

I recently visited Cambodia for the first time. Within Cambodia, urban and suburban areas are completely different in terms of not only their landscapes but also healthcare systems and challenges. I realized anew the importance of the global health field of designing aid programs based on granular analysis and understanding of local, not national, healthcare needs.

During the actual program, I was impressed by the earnestness of the healthcare providers undergoing training. Prior to the training, they apparently spent essentially all of their time caring for patients without undergoing any skills development training. They spoke enthusiastically about applying what they were learning to patient care. For the follow-up workshop, I planned to come up with a way to use concrete metrics to quantify the extent to which the training participants were putting what they learned into actual practice and a way to strengthen the sustainable team healthcare approach on an ongoing basis together with the participants.

We hope to contribute to healthcare globally by utilizing such analysis and sharing the know-how to promote team healthcare across various countries and regions.

# **Appendix**

# Reference: Outline of survey on qualitative evaluation of climate risks and opportunities



Physical risks			Transition risks	Opportunities		
Acute risks	<ul> <li>✓ Increased risks of disrupting supply chain of raw material procurement and product shipping due to the increase of localized heavy rain or large typhoons.</li> <li>✓ Increase of facility damage occurrence or repair costs by abnormal weather or</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓ Risks of price increase of energy costs for facilities or procurement costs due to the rise of carbon tax.</li> <li>✓ Risks of capital investment increase for such as facility replacement to clear GHG emission reduction</li> </ul>		Resource Efficiency	✓ Cost reduction by improving resource efficiencies such as energy conservation, water use reduction and waste disposal.	
	weather disasters, discontinuation of business activities due to production facility damages.		targets set by the government or industry organization.	Energy Source	✓ Energy cost reduction and energy supply stabilization due to the improvement of diversified clean	
	Risks to relocate sites such as plants due to the impact of sea level rising.		the prevalence of clean energy technologies.		energy technologies.	
	✓ Productivity decrease or absentee rate increase of employees due to work environment worsening by heat or cold	Technology		Products/ Services	✓ Demand expansion of drugs for diseases caused by climate changes (existing market).	
Chronic	waves or the increase of diseases caused by climate changes.			G	✓ Demand expansion of drugs for	
risks	Risks of temperature control cost increase in manufacturing, storage and distribution of products due to temperature rise. Risks of product quality deterioration due to temperature rise.	Market	✓ Risks of demand decrease by product price increase due to the cost increase of procurement items.	Market	infectious diseases caused by temperature rise or abnormal weather (new market).	
			<ul> <li>✓ Risks of consumer behavior change.</li> </ul>		✓ Minimize physical risks by planning and implementing measures.	
	✓ Risks of water deficiency or water quality deterioration due to drought.	Reputation	✓ Risks of impact on stock price due to the delay of measures against climate change.  G  G  G	Resilience	✓ Stabilize business by evaluating climate related risks and formulating measures for risk dispersion.	

P : Risks more relevant to pharma sector.

G : Risks common among industries including manufacturing businesses in general.

# Reference: Outline of Physical Risk Scenario Analysis Approach



**Purpose** 

Calculate difference in expected sales decrease due to business suspension at critical material suppliers, in-house manufacturing and distribution centers by rain/flood disasters in each scenario (increase or decrease).

#### **Summary**

#### Input data

#### Step 1

Current rain/flood risk analysis

#### Procedure 1.

Obtain inundation height data under planned scale rainfall\* and assumed maximum rainfall\* based on latitude/longitude data of each site and create probability distribution of inundation height for each.

#### Procedure 2.

Calculate the probability of business suspension for each site by relating probability distribution of inundation height and business suspension duration of each inundation height.

#### Procedure 3.

Calculate expected amount of sales decrease by obtaining weighted average of the probability obtained in Procedure 2 using annual sales of relevant final products.

- Latitude/longitude data of each
- Flood (high tide) inundation area map data
- Inland water inundation area map
- Flood control economy manual
- Annual sales of each final product

#### Step 2

**Analysis of** rain/flood risk after climate change and estimation of financial impacts

#### Procedure 1.

The probability distribution of inundation height obtained in Step 1 was modified to another distribution in which the large-scale rainfall frequency fluctuation information of scenario assumed in IPCC Special Report on Managing the Risks of Extreme Events and Disasters to Advance Climate Change Adaptation (SREX) is taken into account.

#### Procedure 2.

Calculate expected amount of sales decrease for each scenario as in Step 1.

#### Procedure 3.

Difference between expected sales decrease in the current risk and risk after climate change was calculated and amount of financial impact by climate change was calculated.

- Same data as Step 1.
- Large-scale rainfall frequency fluctuation information data which SREX assumes for each scenario

<sup>\*</sup>Planned scale rainfall is inundation height analysis based on flood by rainfall once in 200 years and assumed maximum rainfall is based on rainfall once in 1000 years.

# Reference: Assumption for Analysis of Each Site



Site		Assumption	Sales impact condition	Sales decrease period
Suppliers	Regarding data from the Flood control	DV OISASIEIS AS WEILAS IACIIILES III SILES.		Suspension period + formulation and packaging manufacturing LT (3M) + distribution LT (3D) - inventory days (4M)
In house plants	economy survey manual, business suspension dates including a necessary recovery period from operation stop are	<ul> <li>Manufacturing of products manufactured in a relevant plant is completely stopped.</li> <li>Raw material stocks and product inventories in a relevant plant are assumed to be damaged by disasters as well as facilities in the plant.</li> </ul>	Suspended dates > Inventory days - (manufacturing LT + distribution LT)	Suspension period + manufacturing LT (10.5M) + distribution LT (3D) - inventory days (4.5M)
Distribution centers	used. (Conservative side)	<ul> <li>All products are stored both in East and West Centers.</li> <li>Sales of all products in each area (East and West) are stopped if suspended.</li> <li>Sales in East and West areas are set in ratio as external parameters.</li> </ul>	Immediately after suspension	Formulation and packaging manufacturing LT (3M) + distribution LT (3D)

#### **External parameters**

- Inventory days for each product: Number of days during which sales can be continued with inventory.
- Manufacturing LT (lead-time) for each product: Number of days necessary for manufacturing in a plant.
- Distribution LT (lead-time) for each product: Number of days necessary to deliver product from a plant to a distribution center.
- East West Sales ration: Ratio of sales between East and West Japan (areas covered by East Center or West Center).

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